

EDITORIAL

The current issue of the International Research Journal of Makawanpur Multiple Campus (IRJMMC) Volume-3, Issue-5 is a collection of research articles from the diversified field of academy. In this issue of IRJMMC, some recent research results on diverse areas of issues are comprised. This Issue consists of six contributed articles. The following list provides brief information on the articles accepted for this issue.

The issue starts with a paper by Khagendra Baraily and Krishna Bahadur Rai. This study aimed to explore the leadership style of head teacher for the effective diversity management and investigate underlying assumption for respecting difference when act in diversity management. The theoretical foundation for this underlying study was constructivist/interpretive. The research method adopted for this study was qualitative along with hermeneutics phenomenology. The major results had been deduced from the main theme. Respect to culture, treating with caste and gender, minorities' advocacy and disability management were the prominent leadership strategies for the succession of school leadership. These strategies are more supportive to diversity management and valuable to conceive as appropriate styles for head teacher to his successful tenure. The second article is on the effect of inflation on economic growth in Tanzania for the Period from 1970 to 2020 written by Goodluck John Sanga, Mukole Kongolo, and Rosemary Mnongya. This paper examines the effect of inflation on economic growth in Tanzania. The

study employs the secondary time series data from 1970 to 2020 taken from the Bank of Tanzania, and the VECM is used to find the cointegration between variables to show the short-run and long-run dynamics. Graphical analysis and Augmented Dickey-Fuller tests were conducted to find the unit root in the model. The results show that the error correction was significantly negative. That is, the annual rate of adjustment required to achieve long-run equilibrium was 28.31 percent. Based on the findings in the short-run, the extended money supply and interest rates had negative and insignificant effects on GDP, while the exchange rate had an inversely significant effect on GDP. The third article was status of wetland birds around Hetauda, Makawanpur, Nepal, prepared by Kanchan Parajuli. The major objective of this study was to update the status of wetlands birds around Hetauda valley, based on recent observations. The present study recorded 81 species of wetland-dependent birds representing 41.9% of the total wetland birds of the country, belonging to nine orders and twenty-three families. Out of the total wetland bird recorded, 36 species were winter visitors, 38 were residents, and seven were summer visitors. It is found to be a good roosting site for many migratory and residential birds. The fishery complex and its adjoining areas were found to be more diverse in comparison to other study sites. Major threat issues observed in the study area are habitat fragmentation and degradation, pollution and sewage from the industrial belts and urban areas, overfishing, poaching, mining

of sand and gravel from rivers, lack of awareness, etc. In the next study Mr. Laxman Shrestha 'Lifestyle and Struggle of the Nomadic Nat Community: A study of the Nat community in Sarlahi, Nepal' which involves the people of a Madheshi Dalit caste, comprises a nomadic lifestyle and history. The main objective of this study is to investigate the lifestyle, history, citizenship, ownership of property, profession, religion, education and usage of information technology of the nomadic community with permanent residence. This study reveals that lifestyle and occupation of Nat community were closely related with their poor educational status. Out of total, 58 percent of school age children were out of school and the school going children scarcely went to school. With their nomadic lifestyle and begging occupation, they appeared be in the primitive hunter-gatherer stage of human social development. Due to the lifestyle of the Nat community, they were found to be illiterate, poor and marginalized. In the next article Tara Lal Shrestha studies on 'Echoes of Historicity in Bhim Birag's Sworsamratako Samjhana'. It primarily discusses the contexts associated to the text Sworsamratako Samjhana with reference to the information gathered through personal interviews, group discussions and interactions along with published documents. Secondly, it presents instances of friendship between Bhim Birag and Narayan Gopal, which began from Birgunj, nurtured in Hetauda and continued till the end of their life that altered not only their future but also shaped the history of modern Nepali music within the Panchayat period. The paper also

attempts to analyse the instances about the association between them and the influence of the politico-cultural context in their biographies and creations. Finally Lok Raj Sharma on 'Dealing with Crucial Aspects of Action Research' The prime objective of this article is to deal with the crucial aspects of action research, such as definitions of action research, field of action research, process, steps, principals, characteristics, benefits and demerits of action research. It is useful especially to the researchers, because it focuses on the indispensable aspects of action research, and it is undoubtedly necessary for them to have basic ideas about its underlying facets to carry out action researches in their real life situations.

Last but not the least; it is the continuous series of effort to publish the quarterly issue from our publication. It is the outcome of the entire team of publication and scientific community which making us encourage to pay more attention in this work. It is hoped to continue coming volumes and issues in the days to come to publish the quality research and journals to the concerns.

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